

# TO SUPPORT YOU, WE DESIGN AND PRODUCE

An industrialized process with various levels of customization



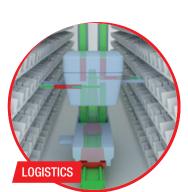
ROBOTICS

For over 45 years, Rollon has adopted an approach entailing responsibility and ethics in the design and production of our linear motion solutions for different industrial sectors. The reliability of an international technology group has now been combined with the availability of a local support and service network

VALUES

Rollon's goal is to help our clients become more competitive in their markets through technological solutions, design simplification, productivity, reliability, duration, and low maintenance. PERFORMANCE







#### **COLLABORATION**

**SOLUTIONS APPLICATIONS** 

**SPECIAL VEHICLES** 

High-level technical consulting and cross-competence allow us to identify the needs of our clients and transform them into guidelines for continuous exchange, whileour strong specialization in the different industrial sectors becomes an factor in developing projects and innovative applications.

> Rollon takes on the task of design and development of linear motion solutions, taking care of everything for our customers, so that they can concentrate on their core business. We offer everything from individual components to specifically designed, mechanically integrated systems: the quality of our applications is an expression of our technology and competence.

> > MEDICAL





# DIVERSIFIED LINEAR SOLUTIONS FOR EVERY APPLICATION REQUIREMENT

Linear and telescopic rails



Linear and curved rails with ball and roller bearings, with hardened raceways, high load capacity, self-alignment, and capable of working in dirty environments.

# Telescopic Line

**Telescopic rails with ball and roller bearings,** with hardened raceways, high load capacities, low bending, resistant to shocks and vibrations. For partial, total or extended extraction up to 200% of the length of the guide.

# Linear actuators and automation systems



# Actuator Line

Linear actuators with different rail configurations and transmissions, available with belt, screw, or rack and pinion drives for different needs in terms of precision and speed. Rails with bearings or ball recycle systems for different load capacities and critical environments.

# Actuator System Line

**Integrated actuators for industrial automation,** used in applications in several industrial sectors: automated industrial machinery, precision assembly lines, packaging lines and high speed production lines. The Actuator Line evolves to satisfy the requests of our most discerning clients.

# Modline



# 1 MCR/MCH series

MCR/MCH series description	ML-3
The components	ML-4
The linear motion system	ML-5
MCR 65	ML-6
MCH 65	ML-7
MCR 80	ML-8
MCH 80	ML-9
MCR 105	ML-10
MCH 105	ML-11
Profile specifications	ML-12
Linear units in parallel, Accessories	ML-13
Insertable nuts and plates	ML-14
Sensor brackets	ML-15
Ordering key	ML-16

# 2 TCR/TCS series

TCR/TCS series description	ML-17
The components	ML-18
The linear motion system	ML-19
TCR 140	ML-20
TCS 140	ML-21
TCR 170	ML-22
TCS 170	ML-23
TCR 200	ML-24
TCS 200	ML-25
TCR 220	ML-26
TCS 220	ML-27
TCR 230	ML-28
TCS 230	ML-29
TCR 280	ML-30
TCS 280	ML-31
TCR 360	ML-32
TCS 360	ML-33
Lubrication	ML-34
Accessories	ML-35
Assembly brackets	ML-36
Alignment nuts	ML-37
Ordering key	ML-38

## **3 ZCH series**

ZCH series description	ML-40
The components	ML-41
The linear motion system	ML-42
ZCH 60	ML-43
ZCH 90	ML-44
ZCH 100	ML-45
ZCH 170	ML-46
ZCH 220	ML-47
Lubrication	ML-48
Accessories	ML-49
Alignment nuts	ML-50
Ordering key	ML-52

# MCR/MCH series $// \sim$

# MCR/MCH series description



Fig. 1

M L

The MCR/MCH units are linear actuators made of a self-supporting extruded aluminum frame and are driven by a polyurethane belt with AT metric profile steel inserts.

- Reduced weight ensured by the light frame and the aluminum sliders
- Three different sizes available: 65mm, 80mm, 105mm
- High sliding speed

#### MCR

Featuring four + four rollers with a Gothic arch outer profile and flat outer profile, sliding on hardened steel bars placed inside the profile.

#### MCH

Featuring a recirculating ball linear guide rail placed inside the profile.

# The components

#### Extruded bodies

The anodized aluminum extrusion used for the profile of the Rollon MCR/ MCH series linear units was designed and manufactured by industry experts to optimise weight while maintaining mechanical strength. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical-chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complaint with EN 755-9 standards.

#### **Driving belt**

The Rollon MCR/MCH series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size and low noise. Used in conjunction with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved.

Optimisation of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

The driving belt is guided by specific slots in the aluminum extruded body thus covering the inside components.

#### Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon MCR/MCH series linear units is made of anodized aluminum. Two different length carriages are available for size 80 and 105.

# The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

#### MCR with gothic arch bearing guides

- Hardened steel rods (58/60 HRC tolerance h6) are securely inserted inside the aluminum body.
- The carriage is fitted with four + four bearing assemblies, four having a gothic arch groove machined into its outer race, to run on the steel rods, and four having flat outer ring.
- The bearings are mounted on steel pins, two of which are eccentric, to allow setting of running clearance and pre-load.
- The driving belt is supported by the entire length of the profile to avoid deflection as well as to protect the linear guide.

#### MCH with ball bearing guides

- A recirculating ball guide with high load capacity is mounted in a dedicated seat inside the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on two pre-loaded ball bearing blocks.
- The two ball bearing blocks enable the carriage to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The two blocks have seals on both sides and, if necessary, an additional scraper can be fitted for very dusty conditions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- Lubrication reservoirs (pockets) installed on the front of the ball bearing blocks supply the appropriate amount of grease, thus promoting a long maintenance interval.

#### The linear motion system described above offers:

- Good positioning accuracy
- Low noise
- Maintenance Free (dependent on application)

#### The linear motion system described above offers:

- High permissible bending moments
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise



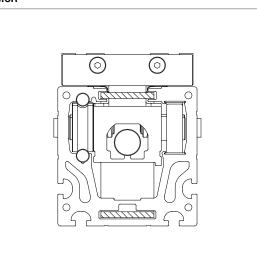
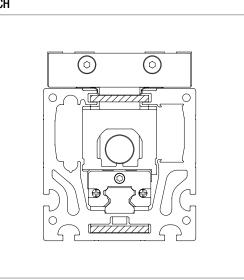


Fig. 2

MCH



#### **MCR 65** >

#### MCR 65 Dimension

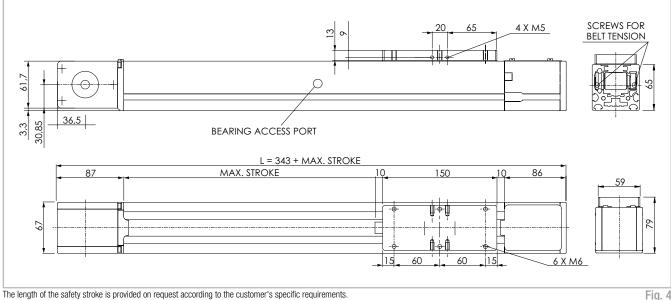


Fig. 4

#### Technical data

	Туре
	MCR 65
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	5800
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 05
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	50.93
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	160
Carriage weight [kg]	0.87
Zero travel weight [kg]	3.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.475
Starting torque [Nm]	0.4
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	267443
Rail size [mm]	Ø8
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 1

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

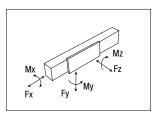
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCR 65	0.080	0.068	0.148
			Tab. 2

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCR 65	32 AT 05	32	0.105
			Tab. 3

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 69



#### Load capacity

Туре	F [N	× V]	F <sub>y</sub> [Ň]	F [1	: z V]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 65	1344	960	1964	2192	9195	65.1	132	93.9

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### **MCH 65** >

#### MCH 65 Dimension

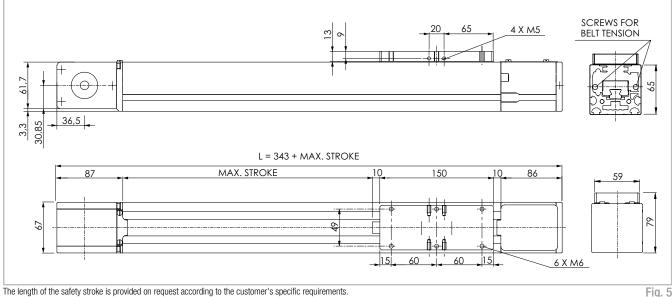


Fig. 5

#### Technical data

	Туре
	MCH 65
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	8750
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	30
Type of belt	32 AT 05
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	50.93
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	160
Carriage weight [kg]	0.9
Zero travel weight [kg]	3.85
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.58
Starting torque [Nm]	0.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	267443
Rail size [mm]	15
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. S

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sup>₽</sup> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCH 65	0.080	0.068	0.148
			Tab. 6

#### Driving belt

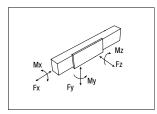
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCH 65	32 AT 05	32	0.105

Tab. 7

L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 69



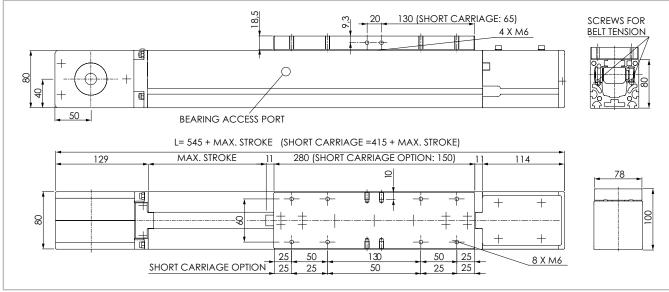
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [N	: Ň]	F [1	ý Í]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCH 65	1344	960	25400	19720	25400	240	1168	1168

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### **MCR 80** >

#### MCR 80 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.6

#### **Technical data**

	Туре		
	MCR 80	MCR 80 C	
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	5650	5780	
Max. positioning repeatability [mm] *1	± 0.1	± 0.1	
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5	
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20	20	
Type of belt	32 AT 10	32 AT 10	
Type of pulley	Z 22	Z 22	
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03	70.03	
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220	220	
Carriage weight [kg]	2.2	1.25	
Zero travel weight [kg]	8.8	6.95	
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.7	0.7	
Starting torque [Nm]	0.7	0.7	
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	1174346	1174346	
Rail size [mm]	Ø8	Ø8	
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used		Tab. 9	

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

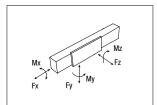
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCR 80	0.179	0.147	0.326
			Tab. 10

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCR 80	32 AT 10	32	0.185
			Tab. 11

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 182 Short carriage (mm) = 2 x L - 52



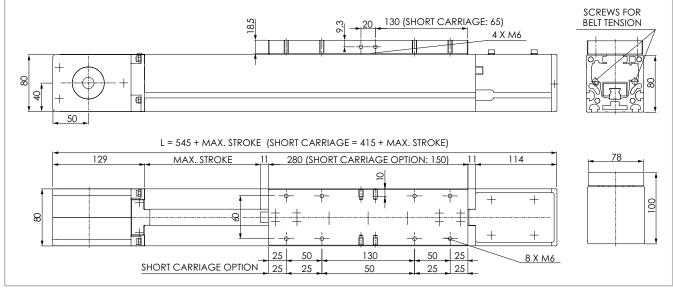
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [N	× V]	F <sub>y</sub> [Ň]	F [1	: z V]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 80	2656	1648	1964	2579	9195	85.4	361	193
MCR 80 C	2656	1760	1964	2579	9195	85.4	156	93.9

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# MCH 80

#### MCH 80 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 7

#### Technical data

	Ту	ре
	MCH 80	MCH 80 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm] *1	7650	7780
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	40	40
Type of belt	32 AT 10	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 22	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220	220
Carriage weight [kg]	2.45	1.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	9.4	7.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.79	0.79
Starting torque [Nm]	0.9	0.9
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	1174346	1174346
Rail size [mm]	15	15
1) It is possible to obtain strokes up to 9000 mm by means of special Rolle	on joints	Tab. 13

\*2) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

#### Load capacity

Loud oupdoily								
Туре	i [	= Ň]	F [1	: y V]	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCH 80	2656	1648	25400	19720	25400	240	2731	2731
MCH 80 C	2656	1760	12700	9860	12700	120	87	87
See verification under station	c load and lifetir	ne on page SL	-2 and SL-3					Tab. 16

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCH 80	0.179	0.147	0.326
			Tab. 14

#### Driving belt

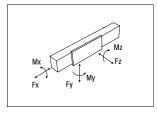
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCH 80	32 AT 10	32	0.185

Tab. 15

L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 182 Short carriage (mm) = 2 x L - 52



#### **MCR 105** >

#### MCR 105 Dimension

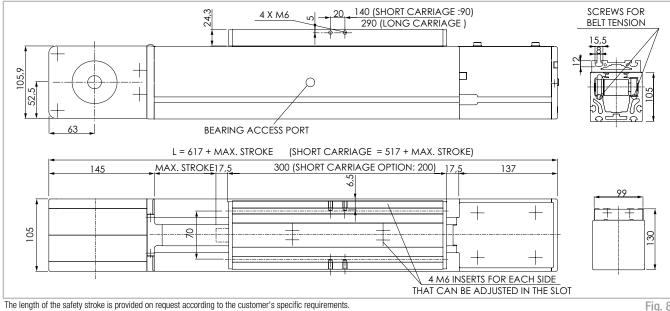


Fig. 8

#### **Technical data**

	Ту	pe
	MCR 105	MCR 105 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	7100	7200
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20	20
Type of belt	40 AT 10	40 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 29	Z 29
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	92.31	92.31
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	290	290
Carriage weight [kg]	3.51	2.56
Zero travel weight [kg]	17.15	14.9
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.2	1.2
Starting torque [Nm]	1.2	1.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4482922	4482922
Rail size [mm]	Ø10	Ø10
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used		Tab. 17

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

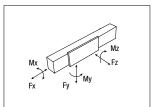
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCR 105	0.448	0.576	1.015
			Tab. 18

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCR 105	40 AT 10	40	0.231
			Tab. 19

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 165 Short carriage (mm) =  $2 \times L - 65$ 



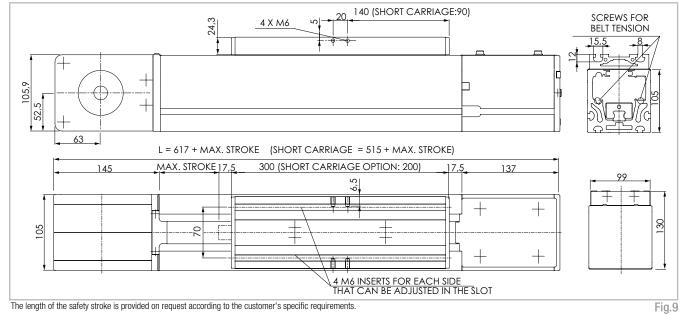
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X V]	F <sub>y</sub> [Ň]	F []	: z V]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 105	3984	2640	4250	7812	26997	340	1033	417
MCR 105 C	3984	2640	4250	7812	26997	340	544	250

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# MCH 105

#### MCH 105 Dimension



#### Technical data

	Ту	ре
	MCH 105	MCH 105 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	7100	7200
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50	50
Type of belt	40 AT 10	40 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 29	Z 29
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	92.31	92.31
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	290	290
Carriage weight [kg]	3.5	2.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	17.5	14.4
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.36	1.36
Starting torque [Nm]	1.5	1.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4482922	4482922
Rail size [mm]	20	20
1) It is possible to obtain strokes up to 10000mm by means of special rolle	on joint	Tab. 2

\*2) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

#### Load capacity

Туре	F <sub>x</sub> [N]		F <sub>x</sub> F <sub>y</sub> [N] [N]		F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]	
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	
MCH 105	3984	2640	55400	44400	55400	700	5983	5983	
MCH 105 C	3984	2640	27700	22200	27700	350	240	240	

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
MCH 105	0.448	0.576	1.015
			Tab. 22

#### **Driving belt**

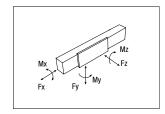
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]		
MCH 105	40 AT 10	40	0.231		

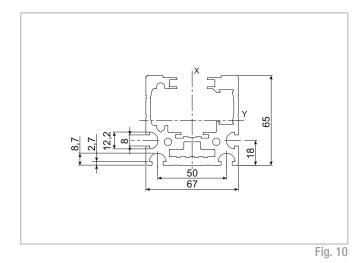
Tab. 23

L

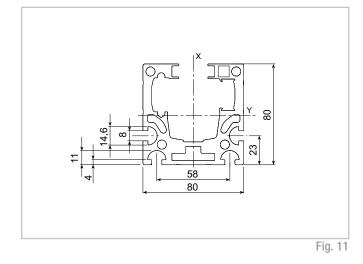
Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 165 Short carriage (mm) = 2 x L - 65



# Profile specifications



Profile 65x67	
Weight [Kg/m]	4.5
Max. length [mm]	9000
Moment of inertia lx [107 mm4]	0.080
Moment of inertia ly [107 mm4]	0.068
Polar moment of inertia lp [107 mm4]	0.148
	Tab. 25





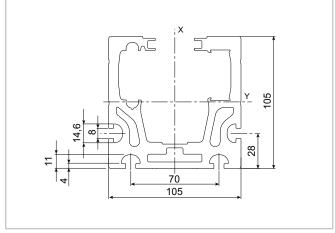


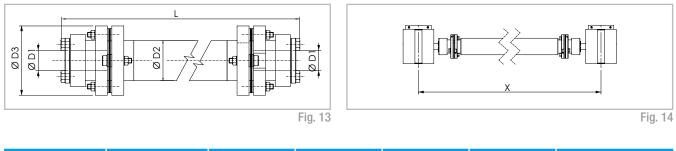
Fig. 12

Profile 105x105	
Weight [Kg/m]	11
Max. length [mm]	7600
Moment of inertia lx [107 mm4]	0.448
Moment of inertia ly [107 mm4]	0.576
Polar moment of inertia lp [107 mm4]	1.015
	Tab. 27

# Linear units in parallel

### Synchronisation kit for use of MCR/MCH linear units in parallel

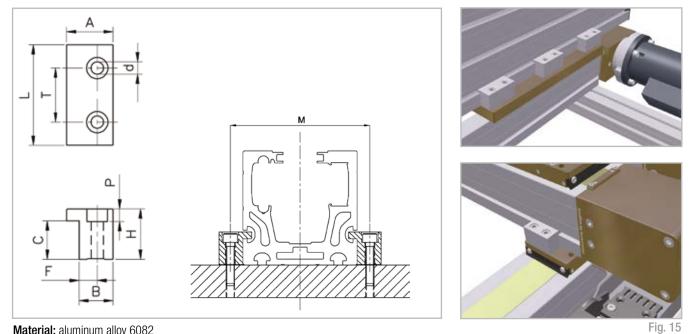
When movement consisting of two linear units in parallel is essential, a synchronisation kit must be used. The kit contains original Rollon blade type precision joints complete with tapered splines and hollow aluminum drive shafts.



Unit	Shaft type	D1	D2	D3	Code	Formula for length calculation
MCR/MCH 65	AP 12	12	25	45	GK12P1A	L= X-80 [mm]
MCR/MCH 80	AP 20	20	40	69.5	GK20P1A	L= X-97 [mm]
MCR/MCH 105	AP 25	25	70	99	GK25P1A	L= X-130 [mm]

Tab. 28

# Accessories



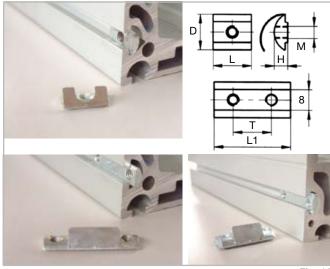
Material: aluminum alloy 6082

Unit	А	L	т	d	Н	Р	C	F	В	М	Code
MCR/MCH 65	25	50	25	6.7	20	6.8	13.5	10	18	87	415.0380
MCR/MCH 80	25	50	25	6.7	25	6.8	18.6	10	18	100	415.0760
MCR/MCH 105	30	50	25	9	30	9.5	23.6	12	22	129	415.0761
											Tab. 29

M L

# Insertable nuts and plates

### Spring nut



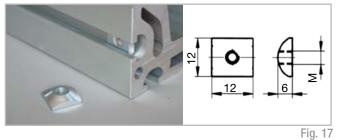
Single plate	MC	MC 80-105			5	
M5	A	32-55		B32-55		
M6	A	32-65		B32-6	65	
M8	A	A32-85			35	
					Tab. 30	
Double plate	MC	80-105		MC 65		
M6	A	32-67		B32-67		
					Tab. 31	
Size						
Base module	D	Н	L	L1	Т	
MC 80-105	14	14 7.8 2			30	
MC 65	11	4.1	20	40	30	
					Tab. 32	

Fig. 16

Plate suitable for every kind of module (8 mm slot).

Material: nut in galvanised steel welded to the harmonic steel spring.

## Simple nut

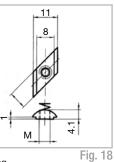


Thread	Code
M5	209.2431
M6	209.2432
M8	209.2433
	Tab. 33

Material: galvanised steel. Insert through the end of the profile. Suitable for series: MC 80-105

### Front insertable spring nut





**Material:** galvanised steel, harmonic steel spring. To be inserted through the slot.

#### Suitable for series: MC 65

Thread	Code
M3	BD31-30
M4	BD31-40
M5	BD31-50
	Tab. 34

#### Simple nut

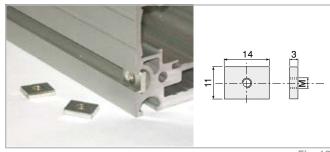
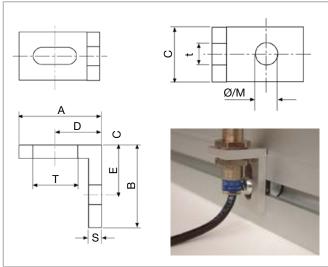


Fig. 19

Material: galvanised steel. To be inserted through the slot. Suitable for series: MC 65

Thread	Code
M4	D32.40
M5	D32.50
M6	D32.60

# Sensor brackets



Thre	Co	de							
А	В	С	D	E	S	Txt	Ø/M	Ø	М
45	45	20	25	25	5	20X6.5	6	76	A 30-86
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	4	54	64
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	5	55	65
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	6	56	66
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	3	B30-53	B30-63
25	25	14	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	4	B30-54	B30-64
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	5	B30-55	B30-65
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	6	B30-56	B30-66
Suitab	Suitable for all the modules Tab. 36								

Fig. 20

### Steel strip protection for series MCR/MCH 80-105

Material: Stainless steel foil.

**Optional:** For additional protection from dust and debris, a magnetic seal strip can be added to the profile to cover the belt way.

Due to the magnetic strip, it is best to avoid use in the presence of ferrous debris.



 $\mathbf{Ø} = \mathsf{Passing} \ \mathsf{through} \ \mathsf{hole} \ \mathsf{version}$ 

Material: natural, anodized anticorodal alloy.

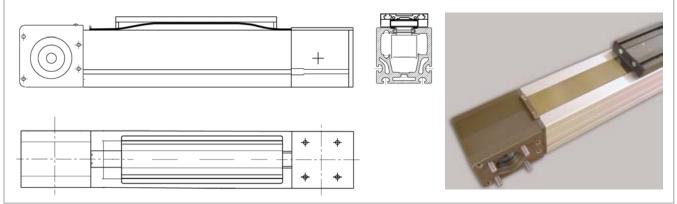
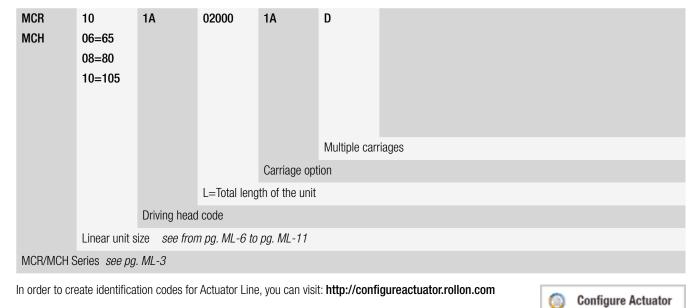


Fig. 21

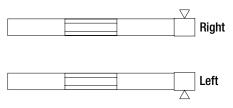
M L



# Identification codes for the MCR/MCH series



#### Left / right orientation



# TCR/TCS series // V

# TCR/TCS series description



Fig. 22

M L

The TCR/TCS series linear units are particularly suitable for: heavy loads, pulling and pushing very heavy weights, demanding work cycles, possible cantilever or gantry mounting and operations in industrial automated lines.

The extruded and anodized aluminum self-supporting structure with a rectangular section is available in different sizes ranging from 140 to 360 mm. Transmission is achieved with a polyurethane steel reinforced driving belt. Multiple sliders are available to further improve load capacity.

These units are best used in applications requiring very heavy loads in extremely confined spaces, and where machines cannot be stopped to carry out ordinary maintenance.

#### TCR

Features a dual Prismatic Rail system.

#### TCS

Features a dual rail system with four recirculating ball bearing runner blocks.

# The components

#### Extruded bodies

The anodized aluminum extrusions used for the bodies of the Rollon TCR/ TCS series linear units were designed and manufactured in cooperation with a leading company in this field, to obtain the right combination of high mechanical strength and reduced weight. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complying with EN 755-9 standards.

#### **Driving belt**

The Rollon TCR/TCS series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size, and low noise. Used in conjunction with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved. Optimization of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

#### Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon TCR/TCS series linear units is made entirely of machined anodized aluminum. The dimensions vary depending on the type. Rollon offers multiple carriages to accommodate a vast array of applications.

# The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

#### TCR with Prismatic Rail:

Prismatic Rails are made of specially treated high-carbon steel and provided with a permanent lubrication system. Thanks to this kind of solution TCR is specifically dedicated for dirty environments and high dynamics in automation.

- The Prismatic Rails with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled with preload, that enables to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- Hardened and ground steel guide rails.
- Sliders have felts for self-lubrication.

#### The linear motion system described above offers:

- Suitable for dirty environments
- High speed and acceleration
- Maintenance free
- High load capacity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

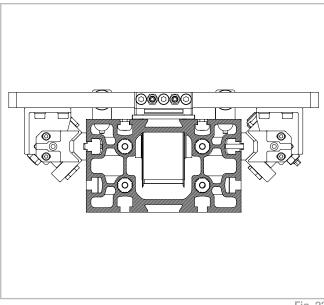
#### TCS with recirculating ball guides:

- The ball bearing guides with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on preloaded ball bearing blocks that allow to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- The blocks have seals on both sides.

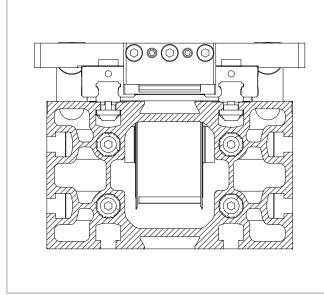
#### The linear motion system described above offers:

- High permissible bending moments
- High accuracy of the movement
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- High rigidity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

#### TCR section

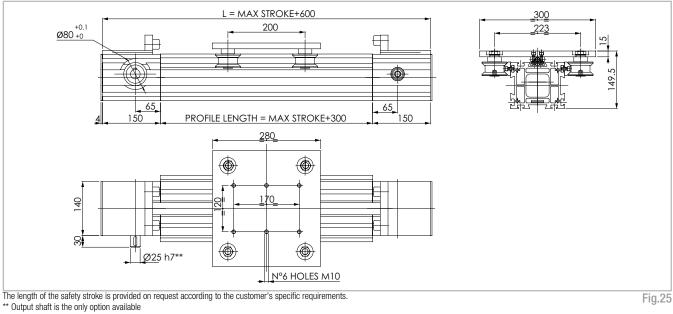


#### TCS section



# TCR 140

#### **TCR 140 Dimension**



#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 140
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	9700
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	101.86
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	320
Carriage weight [kg]	6.0
Zero travel weight [kg]	21.2
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.2
Starting torque [Nm]	3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	978467
Rail size [mm]	35x16
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 3

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

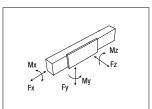
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 140	1.148	0.892	2.040
			Tab. 38

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 140	32 AT 10	32	0.185
			Tab. 39

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 160



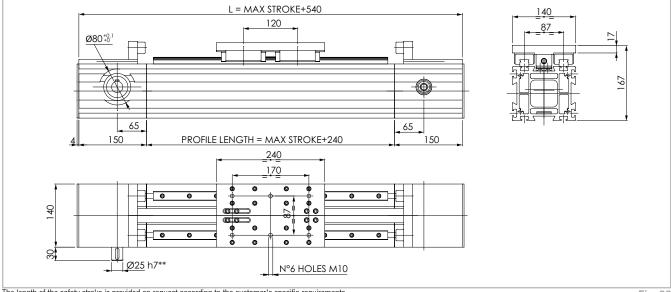
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: x V]	F [1	: y V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 140	3187	2170	6000	23405	4000	280	400	600

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCS 140

#### TCS 140 Dimension



<sup>1</sup> The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements. \*\* Output shaft is the only option available

### Fig. 26

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 140
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	9760
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	101.86
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	320
Carriage weight [kg]	4.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	18
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.9
Starting torque [Nm]	3.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	978467
Rail size [mm]	20
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 41

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 140	1.148	0.892	2.040
			Tab. 42

#### **Driving belt**

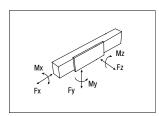
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 140	32 AT 10	32	0.185
			T-1-40

Tab. 43

L

Belt length (mm) =  $2 \times L - 100$ 



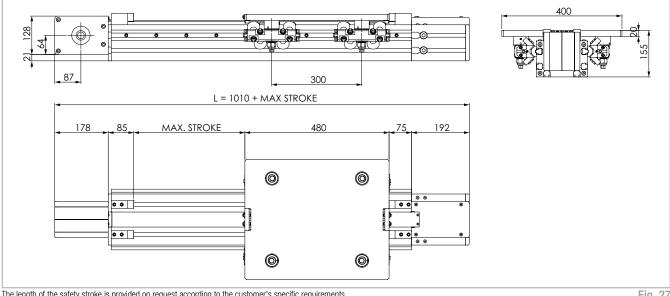
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: × V]	F [N	y []	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 140	3187	2170	153600	70798	153600	6682	9216	9216

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### **TCR 170** >

#### TCR 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 27

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	51.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.4
Starting torque [Nm]	4.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	35x16
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 45

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

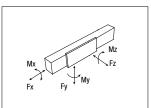
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	ا [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 170	1.973	0.984	2.957
			Tab 46

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 170	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290
			Tab. 47

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



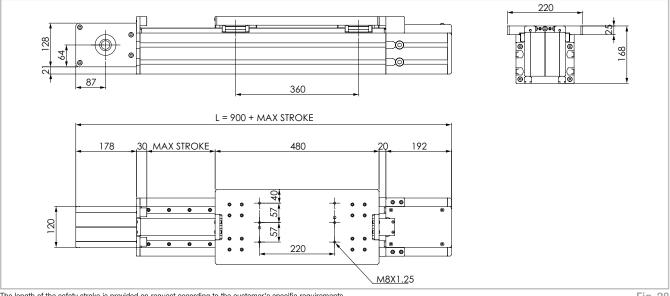
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: Ň]	F [N	: v V]	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 170	4980	3300	14142	65928	14142	1202	2121	2121
								Tab 40

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCS 170

#### TCS 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 28

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	8.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	34.2
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2,2
Starting torque [Nm]	4.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	20
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 49

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l, (10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 170	1.973	0.984	2.957
			Tab. 50

#### Driving belt

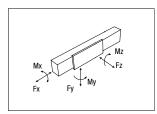
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 170	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 51

M L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



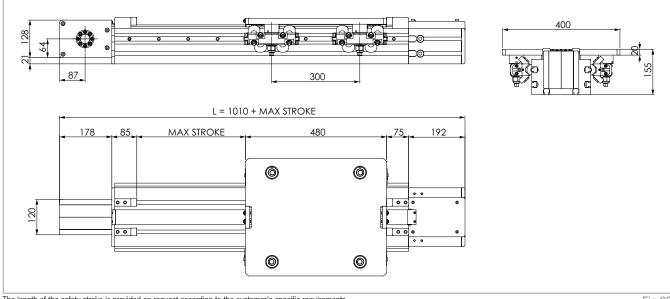
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: × V]	F [N	y []	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 170	4980	3300	153600	70798	153600	7680	27648	27648

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCR 200

TCR 200 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.29

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 200
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	54.5
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.7
Starting torque [Nm]	4.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	35x16
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 53

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

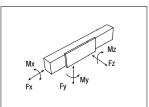
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 200	3.270	1.298	4.586
			Tab. 54

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 200	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290
			Tab. 55

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



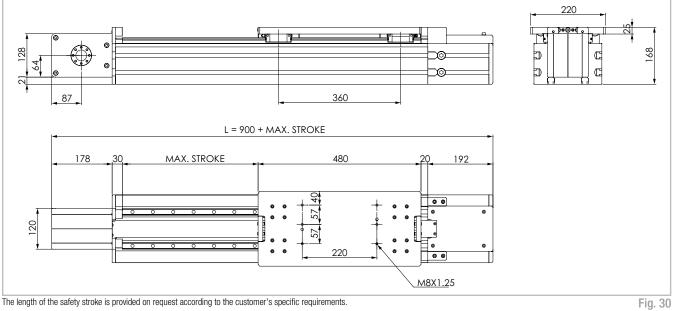
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [N	: × V]	F [1	: v V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 200	4980	3300	14142	65928	14142	1414	2121	2121
								Tab CC

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

## TCS 200

#### TCS 200 Dimension



#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 200
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	8.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	39.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.6
Starting torque [Nm]	4.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	20
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 57

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 200	3.270	1.298	4.586
			Tab. 58

### Driving belt

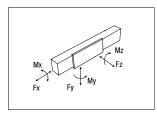
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 200	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 59

M L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



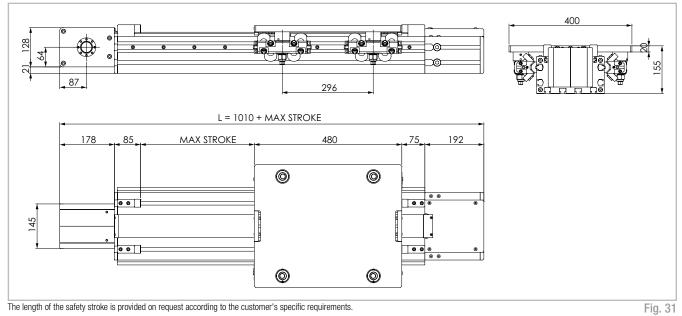
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [N	J]	۲ [۱	) Í]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 200	4980	3300	153600	70798	153600	7680	27648	27648

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCR 220

TCR 220 Dimension



Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	60.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.7
Starting torque [Nm]	5.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	35x16
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 6

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

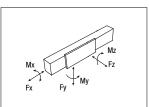
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 220	4.625	1.559	6.184
			Tab. 62

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 220	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435
			Tab. 63

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



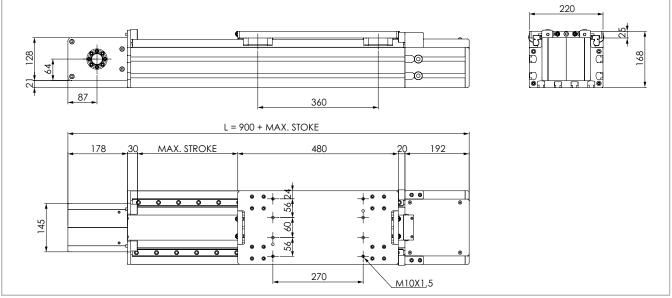
#### Load capacity

Stat.         Dyn.         Stat.         Dyn         Stat.         St	Туре	F [N	: × V]	F [N	: v <b>V</b> ]	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
		Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 220         7470         4950         14.142         65928         14142         1556         2093         2093	TCR 220	7470	4950	14.142	65928	14142	1556	2093	2093

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCS 220

TCS 220 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

### Fig. 32

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	9.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	49.3
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.2
Starting torque [Nm]	6.9
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	25
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 65

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 220	4.625	1.559	6.184
			Tab. 66

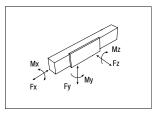
### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435
	belt	belt [mm]

Tab. 67

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



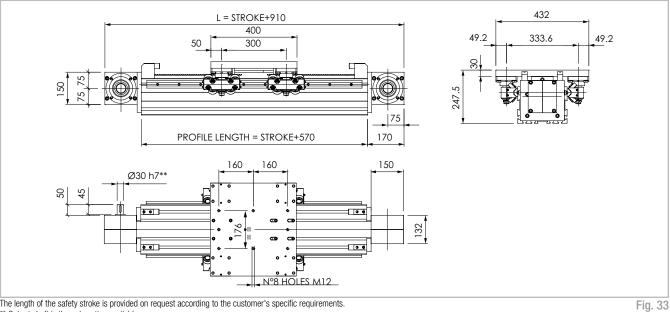
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: × V]	F [1	: V V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 220	7470	4950	258800	116833	258800	19410	46584	46584

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCR 230

#### TCR 230 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements. \*\* Output shaft is the only option available

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 230
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11430
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 40
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	127.32
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	400
Carriage weight [kg]	23.0
Zero travel weight [kg]	60
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.3
Starting torque [Nm]	10.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	12020635
Rail size [mm]	35x16
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 69

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

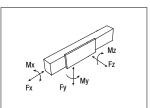
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 230	6.501	3.778	1.028
			Tab. 70

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 230	75 AT 10	75	0.435
			Tab. 71

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 100



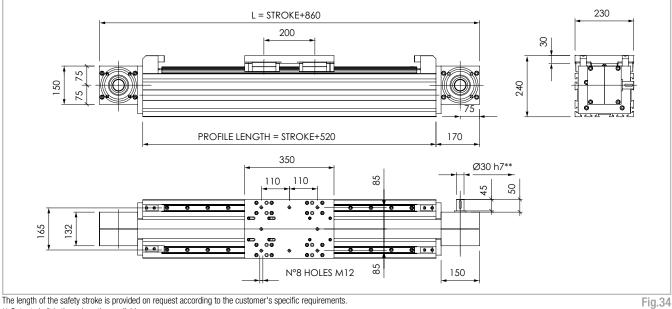
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: Ň]	F [1	: v V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 230	7470	5220	14142	65928	14142	1626	2121	2121
								Tab. 70

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCS 230

#### TCS 230 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.
\*\* Output shaft is the only option available

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 230
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11480
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 40
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	127.32
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	400
Carriage weight [kg]	10.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	43.5
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.7
Starting torque [Nm]	11.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	12020635
Rail size [mm]	30
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 73

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

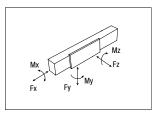
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 230	6.501	3.778	1.028
			Tab. 74

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 230	75 AT 10	75	0.435
			Tab. 75

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 50



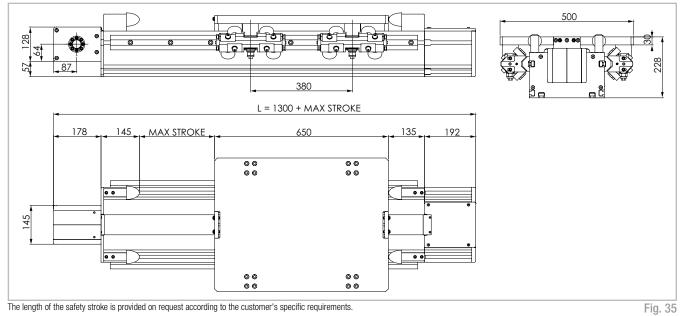
#### Load capacity

Stat. Dyn. Stat. Dyn Stat. Stat.		
	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 230         7470         5220         355200         172074         355200         29304	35520	35520

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCR 280

TCR 280 Dimension



Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 280
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11070
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	47.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	126.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	4.8
Starting torque [Nm]	8.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	55x25
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 77

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

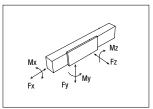
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 280	12.646	4.829	17.475
			Tab. 78

#### **Driving belt**

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 280	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435
			Tab. 79

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 420

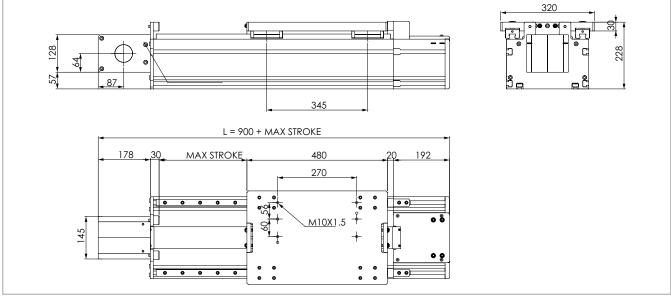


#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	× V]	F [1	: y <b>V</b> ]	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 280	7470	4950	24042	112593	24042	3366	4568	4568
See verification under static	load and lifetin	ne on page SL·	-2 and SL-3					Tab. 80

# TCS 280

#### TCS 280 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 36

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 280
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	18
Zero travel weight [kg]	65.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	4.6
Starting torque [Nm]	8.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	25
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 81

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	ا 10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 280	12.646	4.829	17.475
			Tab. 82

#### Driving belt

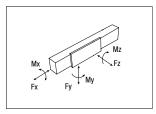
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 280	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435

Tab. 83

M L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 250



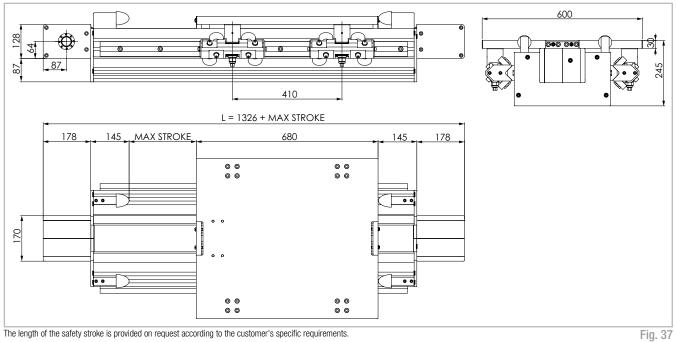
#### Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: × V]	F [1	: v V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 280	7470	4950	258800	116833	258800	31056	46584	46584

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# TCR 360

#### TCR 360 Dimension



#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 360
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11030
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	10
Type of belt	100 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	56.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	163
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	6.8
Starting torque [Nm]	8.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	14085272
Rail size [mm]	55x25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 85

#### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

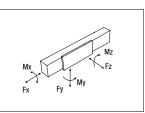
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l₀ [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCR 360	31.721	10.329	42.05
			Tab. 86

#### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 360	100 AT 10 HP	100	0.58
			Tah 87

#### Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 460



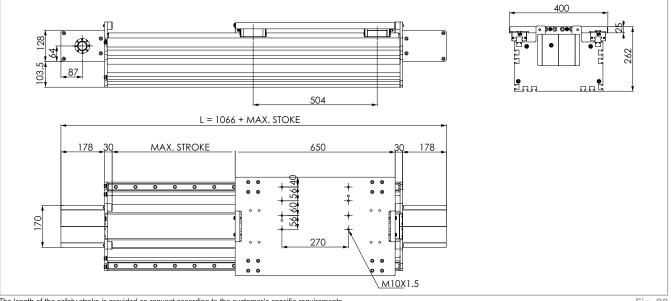
### Load capacity

Туре	F <sub>x</sub> [N]		F <sub>x</sub> F <sub>y</sub> [N] [N]	, V V]	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 360	9960	6600	24042	112593	24042	4327	4929	4929

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

## TCS 360

### TCS 360 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

### Fig. 38

#### Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 360
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11290
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	50
Type of belt	100 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	25.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	104.6
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	6.9
Starting torque [Nm]	8.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm <sup>2</sup> ]	14085272
Rail size [mm]	30
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 89

### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sup>₽</sup> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
TCS 360	31.721	10.329	42.05
			Tab. 90

### Driving belt

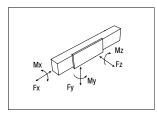
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 360	100 AT 10 HP	100	0.580

Tab. 91

M L

Belt length (mm) = 2 x L - 430



### Load capacity

		_	ĺ]	[N]	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]
Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
<b>TCS 360</b> 9960	6600	266400	142231	266400	42624	61272	61272

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

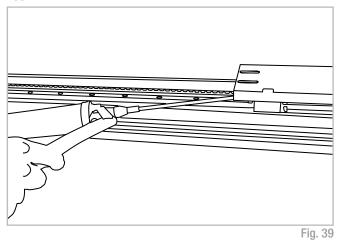
## Lubrication

#### TCS linear units with ball bearing guides

TCS Linear units are equipped with ball bearing carriage fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment. Lubrication interval between maintenance every 2000 Km or 1 year of use, based on the value reached first.

If a long service life is required or in case of high dynamic or high loaded applications please contact our offices for further verification.

#### TCS



#### Quantity of lubricant necessary for re-lubrication of each block:

Туре	Quantity of Grease [cm³]
TCS 140	1.4
TCS 170	1.4
TCS 200	1.4
TCS 220	2.4
TCS 230	4.2
TCS 280	2.4
TCS 360	3.2
	Tab. 93

- Insert the tip of the grease gun into the specific grease blocks.
- Type of lubricant: Lithium soap grease of class NLGI 2.
- For specially stressed applications or hostile environmental conditions, lubrication should be applied out more frequently.
   Contact Rollon for further advice

#### TCR linear units with roller guides

Roller slides are provided with a self- lubrication system for a long lubrication interval. For applications on plants with a high number of daily cycles, or with a significant build-up of impurities, please check the need for lubrication, seals and additional tanks with our technical dept. Do not use solvents to clean rollers or roller slides, as you could unintentionally remove the grease lubricating coat applied to the rolling elements during assembly. Use lithium soap based mineral grease according to DIN 51825 - K3N.

Guide rails do not require excessive lubrication, which would attract impurities and have negative consequences. Should there be any surface defects on the guide rails and/or on the rolling parts, such as pitting or erosion, this might be indicative of an excessive loading. In this case, all worn parts must be replaced and the load geometry and alignment checked.

# Accessories

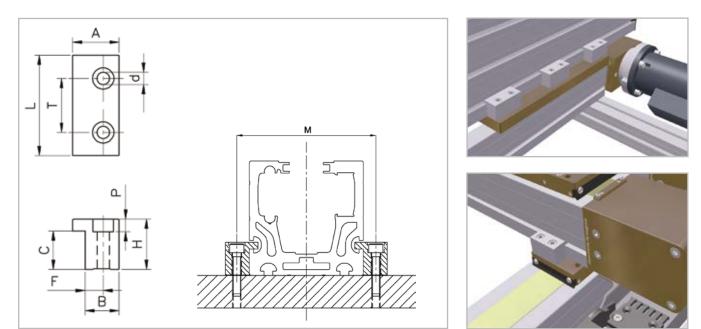


Fig. 40

### Material: aluminum alloy 6082

Unit	bxh	А	L	т	d	Н	Р	С	F	В	М	Code
TCR/TCS 170	120x170										198	
TCR/TCS 200	120x200	30	90	50	11	40	11	28.3	14	25	228	415.0762
TCR/TCS 220	120x220										248	
TCR/TCS 280	170x280	30	90	50	11	20	11	11.3	14	25	308	415.0763
TCR/TCS 280 Vert.	280x170	30	90	50	11	20	11	13.5	14	25	198	915.1174

Tab. 94

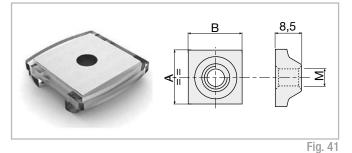
M L

## Semi-rounded threaded inserts with spring

Threaded plate for base profile 45, 50 and 60. Material: galvanised steel. Important: to be inserted through the longitudinal slots before assembling.

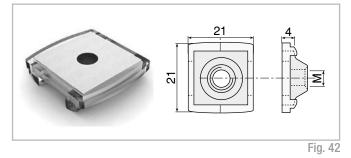
Suitable for series:

### TC 170-180-200-220-360



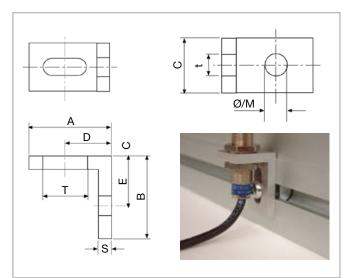
	A	AxB				
Thread	18x18	20x20				
M4	209.0031	209.0023				
M5	209.0032	209.0019				
M6	209.0033	209.1202				
M8	209.0034	209.0467				
		Tab. 95				

Plastic compound spring for vertical positioning of insert.



Spring	Code
Suitable for all inserts 18x18	101.0732
	Tab. 96

# Assembly brackets



Material: natural, anodized anticorodal alloy.									
Thre	Thread								de
А	В	С	D	Е	S	Txt	Ø/M	Ø	Μ
45	45	20	25	25	5	20X6.5	6	A30-76	A 30-86
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	4	A30-54	A30-64
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	5	A30-55	A30-65
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	6	A30-56	A30-66
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	3	B30-53	B30-63
25	25	14	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	4	B30-54	B30-64
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	5	B30-55	B30-65
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	6	B30-56	B30-66
Suitab	le for a	all the	modu	les					Tab. 97

Fig. 43

 $\mathbf{M} =$  Threaded version

 $\mathbf{Ø} = \mathsf{Passing} \mathsf{ trough} \mathsf{ hole} \mathsf{ version}$ 

ML-36

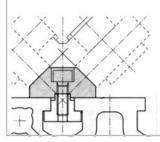
# Alignment nuts

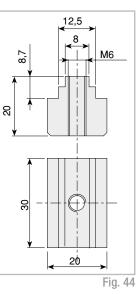
### Nuts for steel guide rails

Material: galvanised steel.

Code 209.1855

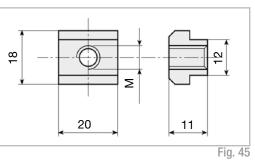
Alignment nuts. V-shaped guide rail: 35x16 Profile with slot. 12.5 mm. Series: **TC 170-200-220-280-360** 





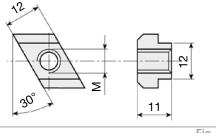
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm



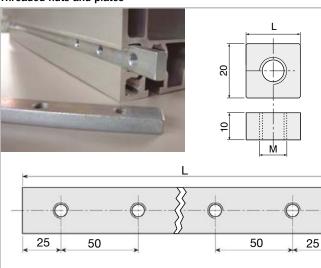


Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm front insertable





Threaded nuts and plates



Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: TC 170-200-280-360

Thread	Code
M5	215.1768
M6	215.1769
M8	215.1770
M10	215.2124
	Tab. 98

# Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: TC 170-200-280-360

Thread	Code
M5	215.1771
M6	215.1772
M8	215.1773
M10	215.2125
	Tab. 99

Fig. 46

M12 (CH19) hexagonal-head screws can be used as stud bolts in profiles with 12.5 mm slots.

Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: TC 170-200-220-280-360

Thread	Threaded holes	L	Code
M10	1	40	215.0477
M12	1	40	209.1281
M10	1	20	209.1277
M10	2*	80	209.1776
M10	3*	150	209.1777
M10	4*	200	209.1778
M10	5*	250	209.1779
M10	6*	300	209.1780
M10	7*	350	209.1781
* Llala contra di	etanca: 50 mm		Tab 100

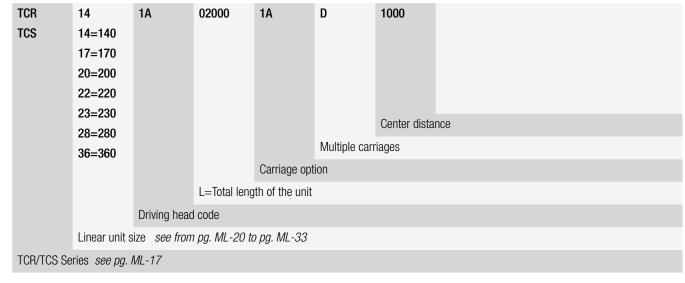
Fig. 47 \*

Hole centre-distance: 50 mm.

M L



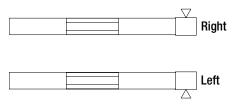
# Identification codes for the TCR/TCS series



**Configure Actuator** 

In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com

### Left / right orientation





# **ZCH** series description



The ZCH series linear units are designed to meet the vertical motion requirements in gantry applications or where the aluminum profile must be moving and the carriage must be fixed. The self-supporting extruded and anodized aluminum structure is available in different sizes from 60 to 220 mm. Being a rigid system, it is ideal for a "Z" axis in a 3-axis system. In addition, the ZCH series has been specifically designed and configured to be easily assembled with the R-SMART, TCR/TCS series and ROBOT series.

### ZCH

Features a dual recirculating ball guide system.

# The components

### Extruded profile

The anodized aluminum extrusions used for the bodies of the Rollon ZCH series linear units were designed and manufactured in cooperation with a leading company in this field, to obtain the right combination of high mechanical strength and reduced weight. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complying with EN 755-9 standards.

#### Driving belt

The Rollon ZCH series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size and low noise. Used in conjunction with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved. Optimization of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

### Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon ZCH series linear units is made entirely of anodized aluminum. The dimensions vary depending on the type.

# The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

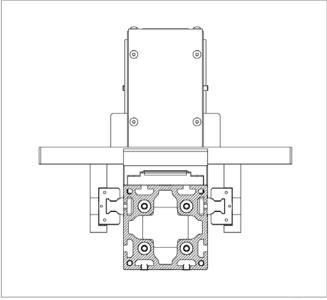
### ZCH with recirculating ball guides:

- The ball bearing guides with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on preloaded ball bearing blocks that allow to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- The blocks have seals on both sides.

### The linear motion system described above offers:

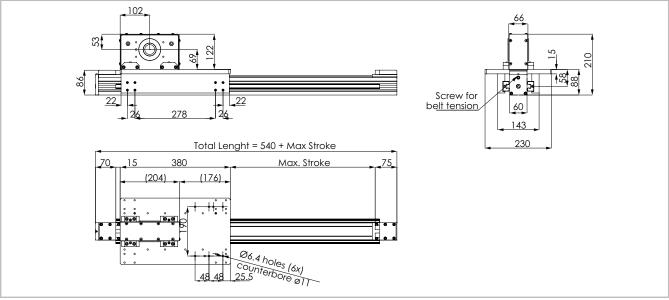
- High permissible bending moments
- High accuracy of the movement
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- High rigidity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

### ZCH section



# **ZCH 60**

### ZCH 60 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

### Fig. 50

### Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 60
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	1500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	40
Type of belt	32 AT 10 HF
Type of pulley	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220
Carriage weight [kg]	11.1
Zero travel weight [kg]	17
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1
Starting torque [Nm]	1.8
Rail size [mm]	15
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 101

# Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

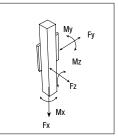
momonio er mortia er mo alamman beag								
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]					
ZCH 60	0.054	0.054	0.109					
			Tab. 102					

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 60	32 AT 10 HF	32	0.185
			Tab 102

Belt length (mm) = L + 190



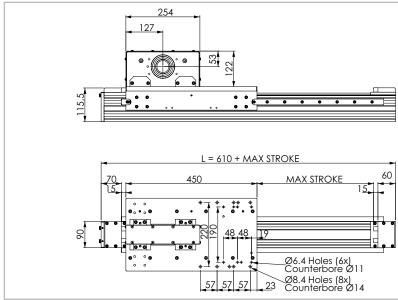
### Load capacity

Туре	F, [N]		F [N	i V V	F_ [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 60	2656	1760	50800	39440	50800	1836	5944	5944

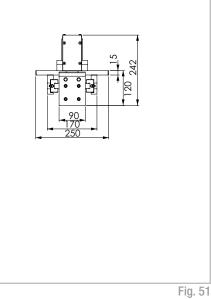
See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### **ZCH 90** >

ZCH 90 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.



#### Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 90
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2000
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 10 HF
Type of pulley	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220
Carriage weight [kg]	12.8
Zero travel weight [kg]	24
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.4
Starting torque [Nm]	1.8
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 105

### Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

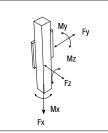
Туре	l [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
ZCH 90	0.253	0.253	0.507
			Tab. 106

### **Driving belt**

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]	
ZCH 90	32 AT 10 HF	32	0.185	
			Tab. 107	

Belt length (mm) = L + 190



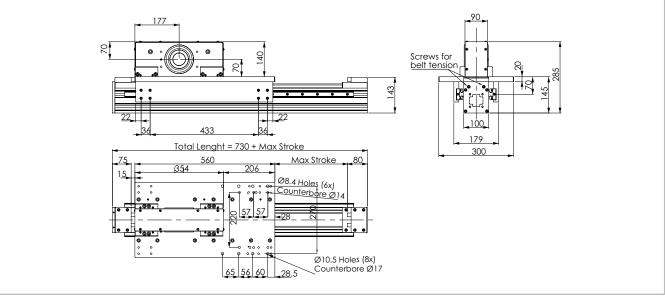
### Load capacity

_out out uoil)								
Туре	F []	= ŇJ	F. [N	, ]	F_ [N]	M <sub>×</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 90	2656	1760	110800	88800	110800	6136	16842	16842
								Tab 100

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

# **ZCH 100**

### **ZCH 100 Dimension**



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 52

#### Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 100
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2100
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	25
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	25.1
Zero travel weight [kg]	41
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.8
Starting torque [Nm]	4.5
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 109

# Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

inomonio er mortia er tile alaminam beay								
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]					
ZCH 100	0.443	0.443	0.886					
			Tab. 110					

### Driving belt

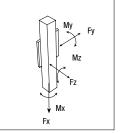
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 100	50 AT 10 HPF	50	0.290
			Tab. 111

Belt length (mm) = L + 250



L



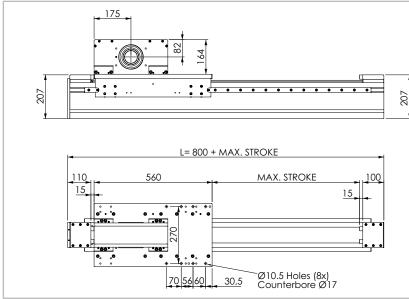
#### Load capacity

Туре	i [	= × V]	F, [N]		F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 100	4980	3480	110800	88800	110800	6690	22326	22326
								<b>TI</b> (10

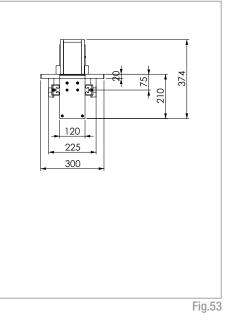
See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

#### ZCH 170 >

ZCH 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.



#### Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	34.4
Zero travel weight [kg]	53.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.5
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 113

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

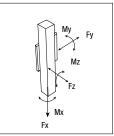
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm <sup>4</sup> ]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]
ZCH 170	1.973	0.984	2.957
			Tab. 114

### **Driving belt**

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 170	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435
			Tab. 115

Belt length (mm) = L + 280



#### Load capacity

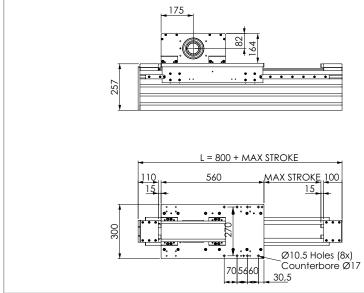
Туре	F [1	: × V]	F [1	: v V]	F_ [N]	M <sub>×</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 170	7470	5220	189200	139200	189200	13665	38691	38691
								T-1-440

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

Fig.54

# **ZCH 220**

### ZCH 220 Dimension



: : 120 30

The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

#### Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s <sup>2</sup> ]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	34.4
Zero travel weight [kg]	60.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.5
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	25
1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 117

# Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

	momonito or morala or the alaminam body					
Туре	l <sub>x</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>y</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]	l <sub>p</sub> [10 <sup>7</sup> mm⁴]			
ZCH 220	4.625	1.559	6.184			
			Tab. 118			

### Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 220	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435
			Tab. 119

### Belt length (mm) = L + 280

Fx

### Load capacity

Туре	F [	= Ň]	F [N	y	F <sub>z</sub> [N]	M <sub>x</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>y</sub> [Nm]	M <sub>z</sub> [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 220	7470	5220	189200	139200	189200	13665	38691	38691
								T I 400

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

## Lubrication

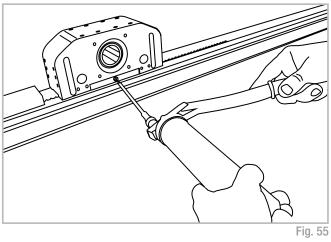
### ZCH linear units with ball bearing guides

The ball bearing carriages of the ZCH versions are fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment of these in the circuits.

This system guarantees a long interval between maintenances: every

2000 Km or 1 year of use, based on the value reached first. If a longer service life is required or in case of high dynamic or high loaded applications please contact our offices for further verification.

# ZCH



Туре	Quantity of Grease [cm³]
ZCH 60	0.2
ZCH 90	0.5
ZCH 100	0.5
ZCH 170	0.6
ZCH 220	0.6
	Tab. 121

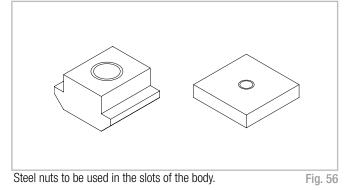
Quantity of lubricant necessary for re-lubrication of each block:

- Insert the tip of the grease gun into the specific grease blocks.
- Type of lubricant: Lithium soap grease of class NLGI 2.
- For specially stressed applications or hostile environmental conditions, lubrication should be applied out more frequently.
   Contact Rollon for further advice

# Accessories

To install accessories on ZCH series aluminum profile we recommend to use the T-nuts shown below

### Front insertable T-Nuts

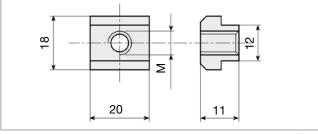


Units (mm)				
	Hole	Length	Code Rollon	
ZCH 60	M6	15x13x8	6006071	
	M4	19x19x4	6006054	
ZCH 90-100	M5	19x19x4	6006051	
2011 90-100	M6	19x19x4	6006052	
	M8	19x19x4	6006053	
			Tab. 122	

#### Lateral insertable T-Nuts

Suitable for series:

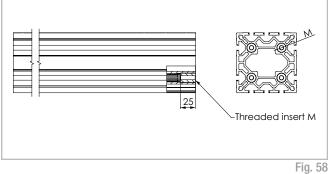
### ZC 170-220



F	İ	g	5	7

Thread	Code
M5	215.1768
M6	215.1769
M8	215.1770
M10	215.2124
	Tab. 123

### **Bushings for ZCH series**



	Threaded insert Nb. x M				
ZCH 60	1 x M6	1 x M8	1 x M10		
ZCH 90	4 x M6	4 x M8	4 x M10		
ZCH 100	4 x M6	4 x M8	4 x M10		
ZCH 170		4 x M8	4 x M10	4 x M12	
ZCH 220		4 x M8	4 x M10	4 x M12	
The highlighted threaded inserts are standard. Tab. 124					

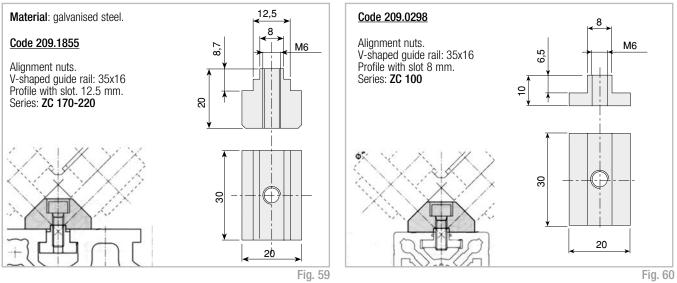
In case of need, the others have to be ordered separately.

1ab. 124

M L

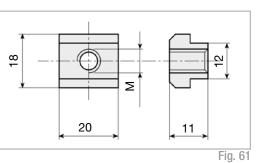
# Alignment nuts

### Nuts for steel guide rails



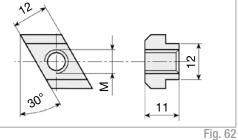
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm



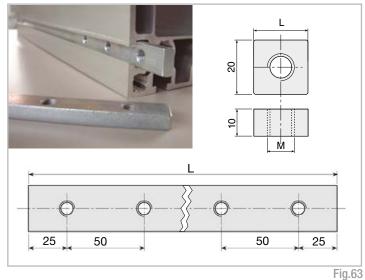


### Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm front insertable





Threaded nuts and plates



Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: ZC 170-220

Thread	Code
M5	215.1768
M6	215.1769
M8	215.1770
M10	215.2124
	Tab. 125

# $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series:} \\ \mbox{ZC 170-220} \end{array}$

Thread	Code
M5	215.1771
M6	215.1772
M8	215.1773
M10	215.2125
	Tab. 126

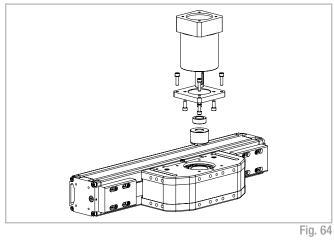
M12 (CH19) hexagonal-head screws can be used as stud bolts in profiles with 12.5 mm slots.

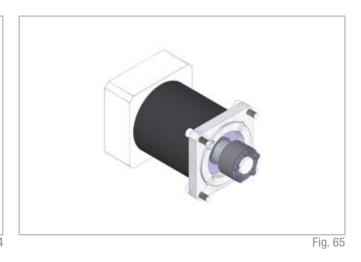
**Material**: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: **7C 170-220** 

20 170-220						
Thread	Threaded holes	L	Code			
M10	1	40	215.0477			
M12	1	40	209.1281			
M10	1	20	209.1277			
M10	2*	80	209.1776			
M10	3*	150	209.1777			
M10	4*	200	209.1778			
M10	5*	250	209.1779			
M10	6*	300	209.1780			
M10	7*	350	209.1781			

\* Hole centre-distance: 50 mm.

### Adapter flange for gearbox assembly





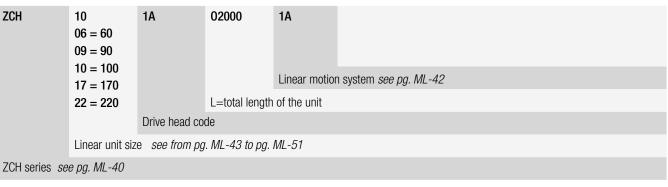
Assembly kit includes: shrink disk; adapter plate; fixing hardware

Unit	Gearbox type (not included)	Kit Code
	SP 100	G002255
	LP 090	G001920
ZCH 60	LP 070	G002264
200 00	MP080	G001915
	CP080	G001970
	PSF221	G001917
	RF 27	G002335
	LP 090	G002254
ZCH 90	SP 100	G002316
2011 90	MP 080	G002328
	PSF 321	G002345
	PSF 221	G002348
	LP120; PE5; LC120	G001856
	SP100; P5	G001857
	PSF321	G001858
ZCH 100	PSF521	G001859
	EP120TT	G001860
	MP105	G001861
	MP080	G001951
		Tab. 128

For other gearbox type ask Rollon

# Ordering key // 🗸

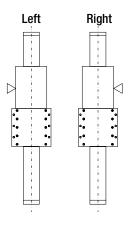
# Identification codes for the ZCH linear unit



In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com

### Configure Actuator

### Left / right orientation





### 1 - Two axis Y-Z system



2 - Two axis 2X-Y system

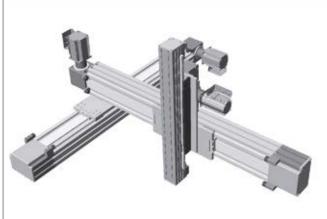


### 3 - Three axis 2X-Y-Z system





4 - Three Axis X-Y-Z system







6 - Y-3Z system



### Service life

#### Calculation of the service life

The dynamic load rating C is a conventional quantity used for calculating the service life. This load corresponds to a nominal service life of 100 km.

 $L_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$ 

The effective equivalent load  $P_{eq}$  is the sum of the forces and moments acting simultaneously on a slider. If these different load components are known, P is obtained from the following equation:

For SP types

$$P_{eq} = P_{fy} + P_{fz} + (\frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

For CI and CE types

$$P_{eq} = P_{fy} + (\frac{P_{fz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

Fig. 3

Fig. 2

The external constants are assumed to be constant over time. Short-term loads that do not exceed the maximum load ratings have no relevant effect on the service life and can therefore be neglected in the calculation.

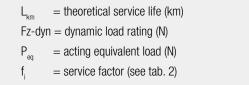
### Service factor f<sub>i</sub>

f <sub>i</sub>	
no shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency changes in direction; ( $\alpha$ < 5m/s <sup>2</sup> ) clean operating conditions; low speeds (<1 m/s)	1.5 - 2
Slight vibrations; medium speeds; (1-2 m/s) and medium-high frequency of the changes in direction (5m/s <sup>2</sup> < $\alpha$ < 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> )	2 - 3
Shocks and vibrations; high speeds (>2 m/s) and high-frequency changes in direction; ( $\alpha$ > 10m/s <sup>2</sup> ) high contamination, very short stroke	> 3
	Tab. 0

### Speedy Rail A Lifetime

The rated lifetime for Speedy Rail A is: SAR 80.000 km, SAB 50.000 km.

The calculated service life, dynamic load rating and equivalent load are linked by the following formula:





### Belt safety factor referred to the dynamic $F_{\chi}$

Impact and vibrations	Speed / acceleration	Orietation	Safety Factor
No impacts	Low	horizontal	1.4
and/or vibrations	LUW	vertical	1.8
Light impacts	Medium	horizontal	1.7
and/or vibrations	Medium	vertical	2.2
Strong impacts	High	horizontal	2.2
and/or vibrations	riigii	vertical	3

# Service life Uniline $\parallel \checkmark$

## Service life

#### Calculation of the service life

The dynamic load rating C is a conventional quantity used for calculating the service life. This load corresponds to a nominal service life of 100 km. The corresponding values for each liner unit are listed in Table 45 shown

 $L_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{C}{P} \cdot \frac{f_c}{f_i} \cdot f_h)^3$ 

below. The calculated service life, dynamic load rating and equivalent load are linked by the following formula:

- $L_{\rm km}$  = theoretical service life (km)
- C = dynamic load rating (N)
- P = acting equivalent load (N)
- $f_i =$ service factor (see tab. 5)
- $f_c = \text{contact factor (see tab. 6)}$
- $f_{h}$  = stroke factor (see fig. 13)

The effective equivalent load P is the sum of the forces and moments acting simultaneously on a slider. If these different load components are known, P is obtained from the following equation:

$$P = P_{fy} + (\frac{P_{fz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

Fig. 5

The external constants are assumed to be constant over time. Short-term loads that do not exceed the maximum load ratings have no relevant effect on the service life and can therefore be neglected in the calculation.

#### Service factor f

f,	
No shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency changes in direction; clean operating conditions; low speeds (<1 m/s)	1 - 1.5
Slight vibrations; medium speeds; (1-2,5 m/s) and medium-high frequency of the changes in direction	1.5 - 2
Shocks and vibrations; high speeds (> $2.5$ m/s) and high-frequency changes in direction; high contamination	2 - 3.5
	Tab 3

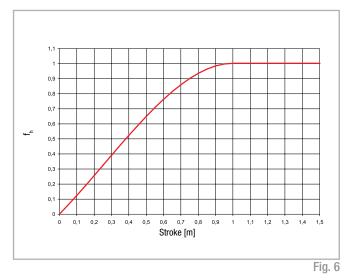
Fig. 4

Contact factor f<sub>c</sub>

f <sub>e</sub>	
Standard slider	1
Long slider	0.8
Double slider	0.8
	Tab. 4

#### Stroke factor f<sub>h</sub>

The stroke factor  $f_h$  accounts for the higher stress on the raceways and rollers when short strokes are carried out at the same total run distance. The following diagram shows the corresponding values (for strokes above 1 m,  $f_h$  remains 1):



## Determination of the motor torque

The torque  $C_m$  required at the drive head of the linear axis is calculated by the following formula:

$$C_m = C_v + (F \cdot \frac{D_p}{2})$$

$C_m = torque of the r$	notor (Nm)
-------------------------	------------

- $C_v$  = starting torque (Nm)
- F = force acting on the toothed belt (N)
- $D_{p}$  = pitch diameter of pulley (m)

Fig. 7

### **Calculation formulae**

### Moments $M_v$ and $M_z$ for linear units with long slider plate

The allowed loads for the moments  $M_{\rm y}$  and  $M_{\rm z}$  depend on the length of the slider plate. The allowed moments  $M_{\rm zn}$  and  $M_{\rm yn}$  for each slider plate length are calculated by the following formulae:

$$S_{n} = S_{min} + n \cdot \Delta S$$
$$M_{zn} = (1 + \frac{S_{n} - S_{min}}{K}) \cdot M_{z min}$$
$$M_{yn} = (1 + \frac{S_{n} - S_{min}}{K}) \cdot M_{y min}$$

${\sf M}_{\sf zn}$	=	allowed moment (Nm)	
$M_{\rm zmin}$	=	minimum values (Nm)	
$M_{yn}$	=	allowed moment (Nm)	
$\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{ymin}}$	=	minimum values (Nm)	
S <sub>n</sub>	=	length of the slider plate (mm)	
$S_{\min}$	=	minimum length of the slider plate (mm)	
ΔS	=	factor of the change in slider length	
Κ	=	constant	
			Fig. 8

Туре	M <sub>y min</sub>	M <sub>z min</sub>	S <sub>min</sub>	ΔS	K
	[Nm]	[Nm]	[mm]		
A40L	22	61	240		74
A55L	82	239	310		110
A75L	287	852	440		155
C55L	213	39	310		130
C75L	674	116	440	10	155
E55L	165	239	310		110
E75L	575	852	440		155
ED75L (M <sub>z</sub> )	1174	852	440		155
ED75L (M <sub>y</sub> )	1174	852	440		270
					Tab. 5

### Moments $\rm M_v$ and $\rm M_z$ for linear units with two slider plates

The allowed loads for the moments  $M_{\rm y}$  and  $M_{\rm z}$  are related to the value of the distance between the centers of the sliders. The allowed moments  $M_{\rm yn}$  and  $M_{\rm zn}$  for each distance between the centers of the sliders are calculated by the following formulae:

$$\begin{split} L_n &= L_{min} + n \cdot \Delta L \\ M_y &= (\frac{L_n}{L_{min}}) \cdot M_{y \, min} \\ M_z &= (\frac{L_n}{L_{min}}) \cdot M_{z \, min} \end{split}$$

M	=	allowed moment (Nm)
M <sub>z</sub>	=	allowed moment (Nm)
$M_{y min}$	=	minimum values (Nm)
M <sub>z min</sub>	=	minimum values (Nm)
L <sub>n</sub>	=	distance between the centers of the sliders (mm)
L <sub>min</sub>	=	minimum value for the distance between the centers of the sliders (mm)
ΔL	=	factor of the change in slider length

Fig. 9

Туре	M <sub>y min</sub>	M <sub>z min</sub>	L <sub>min</sub>	ΔL
	[Nm]	[Nm]	[mm]	
A40D	70	193	235	5
A55D	225	652	300	5
A75D	771	2288	416	8
C55D	492	90	300	5
C75D	1809	312	416	8
E55D	450	652	300	5
E75D	1543	2288	416	8
ED75D	3619	2288	416	8
				Tab. 6

# Warnings and legal notes



Before incorporating the partly completed machinery, we recommend consulting this chapter carefully, in addition to the assembly manual supplied with the individual modules. The information contained in this chapter and in the manuals for the individual modules, is provided by highly qualified and certified personnel, possessing adequate competence in incorporating the partly completed machinery.



Precaution in installation and handling operations. Significantly heavy equipment.



When handling the axis or system of axes, always make sure that the support or anchoring surfaces do not leave room for bending.



In order to stabilize the axis or system of axes, before handling it is mandatory to securely block the mobile parts. When moving axes with vertical translation (Z AXES) or combination systems (horizontal X and/or more than one vertical Z), it is mandatory to use the vertical movement to put all of the axes at the corresponding lower limit switch.



Do not overload. Do not subject to torsion stress.



Do not leave exposed to atmospheric agents.



Before mounting the motor on the gearbox, it is advisable to perform a pre-test of the motor itself, without connection to the gear unit. The testing of this component was not carried out by the manufacturer of the machine. It will therefore be the responsibility of the customer of Rollon to perform the testing of the same, in order to verify its correct operation.



The manufacturer cannot be considered responsible for any consequences derived from improper use or any use other than the purpose the axis or system of axes was designed for, or derived from failure to comply, during incorporation phases, with the rules of Good Technique and with what is indicated in this manual.



Avoid damage. Do not operate with inadequate tools



Warning: moving parts. Do not leave objectson the axis



Special installations: check the depth of the threads on moving elements



Make sure that the system has been installed on a level floor surface.



In use, accurately comply with the specific performance values declared in the catalog or, in particular cases, the load and dynamic performance characteristics requested in the phase prior to design.



For modules or parts of modular systems with vertical movement (Z axis), it is mandatory to mount self-braking motors to neutralize the risk of the axis dropping.



The images in this manual are to be considered merely an indication and not binding; therefore, the supply received could be different from the images contained in this manual, and Rollon S.p.A has deemed it useful to insert only one example.



Systems supplied by Rollon S.p.A. were not designed/envisaged to operate in ATEX environments.

## Residual risks

- Mechanical risks due to the presence of moving elements (X, Y axes).
- Risk of fire resulting from the flammability of the belts used on the axes, for temperatures in excess of 250 °C in contact with the flame.
- The risk of the Z axis dropping during handling and installation operations on the partly completed machinery, before commissioning.
- Risk of the Z axis dropping during maintenance operations in the case

### Basic components

of a drop in the electrical power supply voltage.

- Crushing hazard near moving parts with divergent and convergent motion.
- Shearing hazard near moving parts with divergent and convergent motion.
- Cutting and abrasion hazards.

The Partly Completed Machinery shown in this catalog is to be considered a mere supply of simple Cartesian axes and their accessories agreed when the contract is stipulated with the client. The following are therefore to be considered excluded from the contract:

- 1. Assembly on the client's premises (direct or final)
- 2. Commissioning on the client's premises (direct or final)
- 3. Testing on the client's premises (direct or final)

It is therefore understood that the aforementioned operations in points 1.,2., and 3. are not chargeable to Rollon.

Instructions of an environmental nature

Rollon operates with respect for the envirorment, in order to limit environmental impact. The following is a list of some instructions of an environmental nature for correct management of our supplies. Our products are mainly composed of:

Material	Details of the supply			
Alluminum alloys	Profiles, pleates, various details			
Steel with various composition	Screws, racks and pinions, and rails			
Plastic	PA6 – Chains PVC – Covers and sliding block scrapers			
Rubber of various types	Plugs, seals			
Lubrification of various types	Used for the lubrication of sliding rails and bearings			
Rust proof protectione	Rust proof protection oil			
Wood, polyethylene, cardboard	Transport packaging			

At the end of the product's life cycle, it is therfore possible to recover the various elements, in compliance with current regulations on waste issues.

Rollon is the supplier of Partly Completed Machinery, the (direct or final) client is responsible for testing and safely checking all equipment which, by definition, cannot be theoretically tested or checked at our facilities where the only movement possible is manual movement (for example: motors or reduction gears, cartesian axes movements that are not manually operated, safety brakes, stopper cylinders, mechanical or induction sensors, decelerators, mechanical limit switches, pneumatic cylinders, etc.). The partly completed machine must not be commissioned until the final machine, in which it is to be incorporated, has been declared compliant, if necessary, with the instructions in Machinery Directive 2006/42/CE.

## Safety warnings for handling and transport

- The manufacturer has paid the utmost attention to packaging to minimize risks related to shipping, handling and transport.
- Transport can be facilitated by shipping certain components dismantled and appropriately protected and packaged.
- Handling (loading and unloading) must be carried out in compliance with information directly provided on the machine, on the packing and in the user manuals.
- Personnel authorized to lift and handle the machine and its components shall possess acquired and acknowledged skills and experience in the specific sector, besides having full control of the lifting devices used.
- During transport and/or storage, temperature shall remain within the allowed limits to avoid irreversible damage to electric and electronic components.
- Handling and transport must be carried out with vehicles presenting adequate loading capacity, and the machines shall be anchored to the established points indicated on the axes.
- DO NOT attempt to bypass handling methods and the established lifting points in any way.
- During handling and if required by the conditions, make use of one or more assistants to receive adequate warnings.
- If the machine has to be moved with vehicles, ensure that they are adequate for the purpose, and perform loading and unloading without risks for the operator and for people directly involved in the process.
- Before transferring the device onto the vehicle, ensure that both the machine and its components are adequately secured, and that their profile does not exceed the maximum bulk allowed. Place the necessary warning signs, if necessary.
- DO NOT perform handling with an inadequate visual field and when there are obstacles along the route to the final location.
- DO NOT allow people to either transit or linger within the range of action when lifting and handling loads.
- Download the axes just near the established location and store them in an environment protected against atmospheric agents.
- Failure to comply with the information provided might entail risks for the safety and health of people, and can cause economic loss.
- The Installation Manager must have the project to organize and monitor all operative phases.
- The Installation Manager shall ensure that the lifting devices and equipment defined during the contract phase are available.
- The Manager of the established location and the Installation Manager shall implement a "safety plan" in compliance with the legislation in force for the workplace.
- The "safety plan" shall take into account all surrounding work-related

activities and the perimeter spaces indicated in the project for the es tablished location.

- Mark and delimit the established location to prevent unauthorized personnel from accessing the installation area.
- The installation site must have adequate environmental conditions (lighting, ventilation, etc.).
- Installation site temperature must be within the maximum and minimum range allowed.
- Ensure that the installation site is protected against atmospheric agents, does not contain corrosive substances and is free of the risk of explosion and/or fire.
- Installation in environments presenting a risk of explosion and/or of fire must ONLY be carried out if the machine has been DECLARED COMPLIANT for such use.
- Check that the established location has been correctly fitted out, as defined during the contract phase and based on indications in the relative project.
- The established location must be fitted out in advance to carry out complete installation in compliance with the defined methods and schedule.

## Note

- Evaluate in advance whether the machine must interact with other production units, and that integration can be implemented correctly, in compliance with standards and without risks.
- The manager shall assign installation and assembly interventions ONLY to authorized technicians with acknowledged know-how.
- State of the art connections to power sources (electric, pneumatic, etc.) must be ensured, in compliance with relevant regulatory and legislative requirements.
- "State of the art" connection, alignment and leveling are essential to avoid additional interventions and to ensure correct machine function.
- Upon completion of the connections, run a general check to ascertain that all interventions have been correctly carried out and compliance with requirements.
- Failure to comply with the information provided might entail risks for the safety and health of people, and can cause economic loss.

## Transport

- Transport, also based on the final destination, can be done with different vehicles.
- Perform transport with suitable devices that have adequate loading capacity.
- Ensure that the machine and its components are adequately anchored to the vehicle.

# Handling and lifting

- Correctly connect the lifting devices to the established points on the packages and/or on the dismantled parts.
- Before handling, read the instructions, especially safety instructions, provided in the installation manual, on the packages and/or on the dismantled parts.
- DO NOT attempt, in any way, to bypass handling methods and the established lifting, moving and handling points of each package and/or dismantled part.
- Slowly lift the package to the minimum necessary height and move it with the utmost caution to avoid dangerous oscillations.
- DO NOT perform handling with an inadequate visual field and when there are obstacles along the route to reach the final location.
- DO NOT allow people to either transit or linger within the range of action when lifting and handling loads.
- Do not stack packages to avoid damaging them, and reduce the risk of sudden and dangerous movements.
- In case of prolonged storage, regularly ensure that there are no variations in the storage conditions of the packages.

# Check axis integrity after shipment

Every shipment is accompanied by a document ("Packing list") with the list and description of the axes.

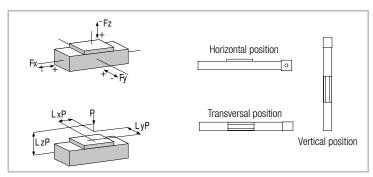
- Upon receipt check that the material received corresponds to specifications in the delivery note.
- Check that packaging is perfectly intact and, for shipments without packaging, check that each axis is intact.
- In case of damages or missing parts, contact the manufacturer to define the relevant procedures.

Data sheet // 🗸

General data:	Date: Inquiry N°:
Address:	Contact:
Company:	Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:
E-Mail:	

#### Technical data:

				X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Useful stroke (Including safety overtravel)		S	[mm]			
Load to be translated		Р	[kg]			
Location of Load in the	X-Direction	LxP	[mm]			
	Y-Direction	LyP	[mm]			
	Z-Direction	LzP	[mm]			
Additional force	Direction (+/-)	Fx (Fy, Fz)	[N]			
Position of force	X-Direction	Lx Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
	Y-Direction	Ly Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
	Z-Direction	Lz Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
Assembly position (Horizontal/						
Max. speed		V	[m/s]			
Max. acceleration		а	[m/s <sup>2</sup> ]			
Positioning repeatability		∆s	[mm]			
Required life		L	yrs			



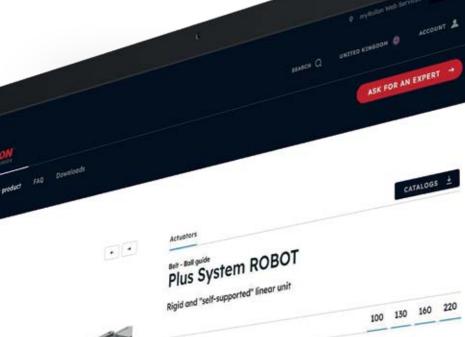
Attention: Please enclose drawing, sketches and sheet of the duty cycle



Corpe

# A NEW DIGITAL EXPERIENCE SURROUNDED BY ROLLON EXPERTS WHERE YOU CAN EASILY SELECT THE PRODUCT YOU NEED.

# **MY.ROLLON.COM**





11-12

# Rigid and "self-supported" linear unit Available Sizes Share this product D







#### EUROPE

ROLLON S.p.A. - ITALY

Via Trieste 26 I-20871 Vimercate (MB) Phone: (+39) 039 62 59 1 www.rollon.com - infocom@rollon.com

### ROLLON Ltd - UK (Rep. Office)

The Works 6 West Street Olney Buckinghamshire, United Kingdom, MK46 5 HR Phone: +44 (0) 1234964024 www.rollon.uk.com - ukandireland@rollon.com

#### AMERICA

#### **ROLLON Corporation - USA**

101 Bilby Road. Suite B Hackettstown, NJ 07840 Phone: (+1) 973 300 5492 www.rollon.com - info@rolloncorp.com

#### ASIA

#### **ROLLON Ltd - CHINA**

No. 1155 Pang Jin Road, China, Suzhou, 215200 Phone: +86 0512 6392 1625 www.rollon.cn.com - info@rollon.cn.com

#### Consult the other ranges of products



v

Bonner Strasse 317-319 D-40589 Düsseldorf Phone: (+49) 211 95 747 0 www.rollon.de - info@rollon.de

### **ROLLON S.A.R.L. - FRANCE**

Les Jardins d'Eole, 2 allée des Séquoias F-69760 Limonest Phone: (+33) (0) 4 74 71 93 30 www.rollon.fr - infocom@rollon.fr

#### **ROLLON - SOUTH AMERICA**

101 Bilby Road. Suite B Hackettstown, NJ 07840 Phone: (+1) 973 300 5492 www.rollon.com - info@rolloncorp.com

### ROLLON India Pvt. Ltd. - INDIA

39-42, Electronic City, Phase-I, Hosur Road, Bangalore-560100 www.rollonindia.in - info@rollonindia.in



〒252-0131 神奈川県相模原市緑区西橋本1-21-4 橋本屋ビル 電話番号:+81(0)427034101 www.rollon.jp - info@rollon.jp

Distributor

V

V

 $\mathbf{v}$ 



v

All addresses of our global sales partners can also be found at www.rollon.com The content of this document and its use are subject to the general terms of sale of ROLLON available on the web site www.rollon.com Changes and errors expected. The text and images may be used only with our permission.